**Class 14** – **System of Linear Equations (Chp. 8-10)**

ChE310\_Sec1\_F2019 / 10.10.19

<http://www.reuelgroup.org/numerical-methods-che-310.html>

Announcements:

* Supplemental instruction to boost test performance is available. Contact Dr. Reuel if you would like to join.

**Warm Up Group Activity:** submit to SLACK by 2:25pm.

F(x,y) = 4\*exp(- ((x - 27/10)^2)/2 – ((y - 19/5)^2)/2)

Plot a contour plot of the function [x and y from 0 to 5]

Find the maximum in this same region.

**Outline for Class 13 Lecture**

1. Chp. 8 Matrix math and setting up systems of linear equations (you review)
2. System of linear equations and **\** command





[demonstrate it is faster using tic toc]

1. Why condense Chp. 9 and 10?



Dr. Reuel, “You will NEVER have to do this. At end of semester I will show you free Matlab clones.”

1. Condition and Determinants





1. Cramer’s Rule [inefficient variables > 3]



Example (problem 9.6)

1. Under the hood of **\**
	1. Gauss Elimination





[**GaussNaive**, **GaussPivot**]

* 1. Partial Pivoting (move large element 1st)
	2. Banded Structures [Chap **tridiag** w/ changes!]



FLOPS scale n^3 for Gauss elimination

FLOPS scale n for this algorithm…much faster for BIG systems

* 1. LU factorizations [Chp 10]
	2. Gauss Elimination as LU Factorization
	3. LU with pivoting
	4. Cholesky Factorization [Chp 10.3]
1. Another Example – distillation columns!
2. When **\** is used Matlab evaluates your coefficient matrix, and detects if efficient algorithms can be used for sparse, banded, symmetric or triangular patterns. No patterns it reverts to gauss elimination w/ partial pivoting.